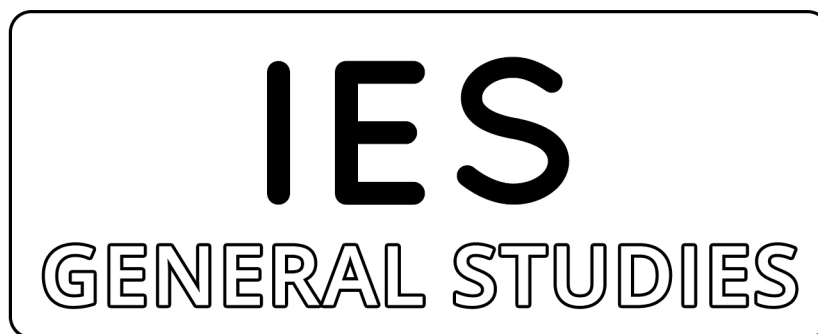


# ToppersNotes

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**CURRENT AFFAIRS  
&  
ENGINEERING DRAWING  
&  
ENGINEERING APTITUDE  
&  
ETHICS**

**VOLUME-III**

Sierra Innovations Pvt. Ltd.



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Toppersnotes  
CURRENT AFFAIRS

National and International issue

Economic and Industrial Development

Syllabus-

1. International Organisation → UN + it's organs

2. Other organisation and its associations

3. Economics → GST (1st April 2017) (पहले Planning commission)  
→ Budget & Economic survey

4. National Issues → NITI AYOGE

Uniform Civil Code (Article-44)

Water disputes [Article-262]

5. Science and Technology → fastest Computer → 1) Sunway Taihulite (प्रथम)

2) Tianhe-2 (द्वितीय)

Ashok leyland → Electric Bus Roll out in India → 1st in India

6. Defence

Kamov Helicopter

S-400 Missile

Gregorovich ship

} From Russia

↓ submarine Nuclear vessels

7. Health

W.H.O.

Yaws +

Tetanus

} India is free from

ये एक प्रकार का skin disease है जो बढ़ता है.

Dengue.

सम्भलता है फिर

देती है ---

8. Energy

Rewa (750 MW) → M.P. (proposed)

9. Miscellaneous

\* International Organisation \*

United Nation [U.N.]

To maintain peace and stability and ensure development  
Background.

1<sup>st</sup> world war (1914-1919)

Immediate cause-

Duke Ferdinand [Prince of Austria-Hungary]

↓ [type of people]

was killed by Serbs [Yugoslavia] इसके बाद

कुछ-2 देश एक दुसरे के साथ मिलकर Power बनाये और world-war start

Allied Power

UK

France

USA

Russia

Italy

Central Power defeated

Austria-Hungary

Germany → follow Nazism  
like Buddhism.

Turkey

Bulgaria

(वर्षा)

Result: Treaty of Versailles (France) - 1919

और League of Nation बनाया गया

League of Nation was formed in June

→ Aim → To Restore Peace and stability

→ H.Q. → Geneva

→ Member → 57

→ Idea → Woodrow Wilson (U.S. President)

(Father of Public Administration)

के पब्लिक के लिए काम किया

# 2<sup>nd</sup> World War - [Sep - 1939 - Sep - 1945]

Immediate Cause → Germany attacked on Poland Then France declared war

Allied Power

U.K.

France

Russia

China

U.S.A.

Axis Power (defeated)

Germany → Adolf Hitler

Italy → Musolini

Japan

Friend

Mentor write a

book "Lebensraum"

इस किताब में लिखा है कि एक

बड़ा Organism अपने अंगों को छोटे-2 Organism को

खा जाता है

Result - At the time of war 2 conferences were held

→ 1<sup>st</sup> conference.

Washington D.C. (USA).

22<sup>nd</sup> Dec 1941 - 14<sup>th</sup> Jan. 1942

Washington conference (was termed as united nation)

Participating country → 26 Allied Power (support allied power)  
[Some Indirectly support all]

Idea of formation of UN → given by Franklin D. Roosevelt  
[U.S. President]

→ 2<sup>nd</sup> Conference - April 1945 - June 1945

Sanfransisko (U.S.A.) → Sanfransisko conference

U.N. charter were laid down

24<sup>th</sup> OCT. 1945 U.N. was established

(UN Day)

Guideline

Participating - 50 Allied nations Participated

Country. [Including India]

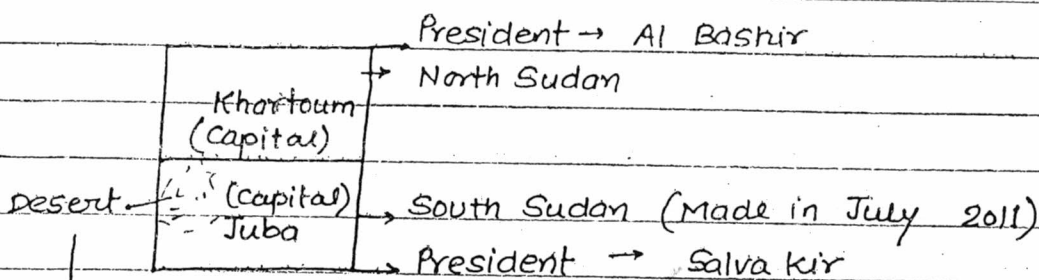
(Not independent at that time)

Total no. of member in U.N. - 193

193<sup>rd</sup> →

South Sudan [joined in 2011]

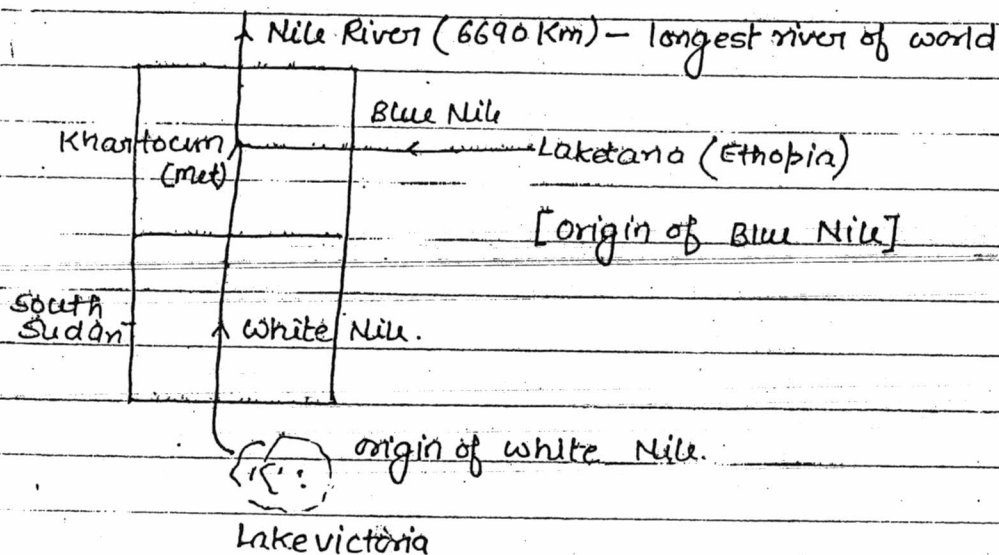
About Sudan.



Darfur Region

(Huge reserve of crude petroleum oil)

But there int. war is held bcoz people protest against petrol. MNC  
 (IAF launched operation - "Sankat Mochan" to evacuate Indian safely to home)





African Union-

(or) African continent → 54 Country

H.Q. - Addis Ababa (Capital of ethopia)

Admission, Suspension and Expulsion of Member in U.N.

These 3 are decided by U.N.G.A. on the recommendation of U.N.S.C. (193 member)

No any country has been expelled till today

South Africa was suspended for 20yrs. [1974-1994]

Bez of Racial discrimination (Apartheid)

South Africa → Britain's Colony till-1994  
(White & Black prob.)

(Blacks)  
[Nelson Mandela]  
1<sup>st</sup> president.

South Africa was re-admitted in 1994

in 1994, 1<sup>st</sup> democratically elected President - Nelson Mandela  
[abolished Apartheid]

18<sup>th</sup> July - Mandela day (or) Apartheid day  
(Birth.)

Nelson Mandela → Is 2<sup>nd</sup> - Non Indian to Receive  
Bharat Ratna Award (Given Posthumously  
in 2014)

1<sup>st</sup> Non-Indian → Khan Abdul Gaffar (Bharat Ratna)  
[Frontier Gandhi] → [N.W.F.P.]

North west frontier provins  
[Pakistan]

Gr-4 → India

Japan

Germany

Bazil

} Demanding Permanent membership  
in UNSC

[United nation security Council]

Principal Organ of U.N. -

1) UNGA

2) UNSC

3) ECOSOC

4) The secretariat

5) Trusteeship

H.Q. → New York.

6) I.C.J. → Hague [Neutral land].

U.N.G.A. → United Nation General Assembly - (193 Member)

Known as → Parliament of world

Town meeting of world.  
(New York)

Nature → Principle deliberative organ of U.N.

Generally

↓  
Discussion

Assembly At least, All member of UN meet in a year on  
3rd Tuesday of Sept. (start & cont. for every country)  
(session start)

→ 21st Sept.

→ 26th Sept.

In this Meeting (session) elect. → 1 President } tenure  
21 Vice President } 1 yr.  
By UNGA. President.

1st meeting - 1946 → London → Paul Henri Spaak

8th meeting → 1953 → New York → Vijaylaxmi Pandit  
(1st woman & only Indian)

71st meeting - 2016 → New York → Peter Thomson (Fiji)

→ Eligibility Criteria to be member of UNGA →

- i) Country must be peace loving
- ii) Country must follow UN charter
- iii) Country must be sovereign (Independent Country)

official language of UN:

English

French

Spanish

Russian

Mandarin (Chinese)

Arabic (Latest)

India's Permanent Representative in U.N. Sayed Akbaruddin

welfare of all, constitution does not favour any religion

India is → Sovereign, Socialist, Secular, democratic

Republic country

Head of country must be elected. People's Rule

U.S.A. ⇒ Democratic + Republic

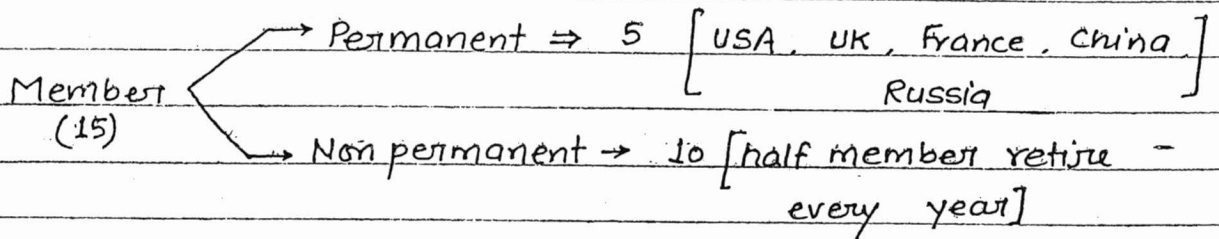
U.K. ⇒ Democratic + Monarchial

Queen: Elizabeth - II

Presidentialship.

U.N.S.C. [United Nation Security Council] →

Aim → To maintain peace and security at Internationaly.



U.N.S.C. → President → tenure (1 Month only) → <sup>among member</sup> Alphabetically  
 Non-permanent are elected From 5 geographical Region across the world. & Tenure is 2 year.

North America side → America (Permanent) . Retiring member can't reelected immediately.

- Eastern Europe → 1
- Western Europe + other → 2
- Asia → 2
- Africa → 3
- South America → 2

Non-Permanent Members.

(Tenure start)

2015.	2016.	2017. (1st Jan → 31st Dec)
Angola	Egypt	<del>Senegal</del> Ethiopia <sup>2017.</sup> <sub>2018.</sub>
Malaysia	Senegal (Africa continent)	Kazakhstan
Newzealand	Japan	Sweden
Spain	Ukrain	Bolvia
Venezuela.	Uruguay	[Netherlands / Italy] Tie when elected. so one-one year

Non Permanent mebers are elected by all members of U.N.G.A. on the recommendation of UNSC.

In 15th → 9 at least ago agree (5 Pm. → must)

Veto → Negative voting

Abstain → Not to participate in voting

Last time India was non-permanent member of UNSC for yr. 2011-12

Japan → 11 times member of UNSC in non permanent category (maximum)

Economic And Social ~~Issue~~ Council →  
(Tenure of member is 3 year)

Estd ∴ 1946

Member 54 [All members are elected by UNGA only]

Aim. To promote Social and economic development

India got re-elected in 2014 (also. 2011-14)

Note

$$\text{UNSC} = \frac{1 \times 1}{2}$$

1/2 member retire every year.

Tenure of Member  
2yr

$$\text{R.S.} = \frac{1 \times 2}{3}$$

6 year

$$\text{ECOSOC} = \frac{1 \times 1}{3}$$

3 year

$$\text{ICJ} = \frac{1 \times 3}{3}$$

9 year

\* The Secretariat →

It is considered as H.Q. of UN

AIM. → i) To provide day-to-day support for administrative activities

ii) To Co-ordinate among   
 → UN staffs   
 → UN department   
 → UN'S personaus

Head of Secretariat is known as

**General Secretary**

Chief Administrative officer (C.A.O.)

Can't be elected from P.S country.

Highest Rank officer of U.N.

World Moderator (word given by F.D.R.)

↓  
US President.

Sr. No.

8th

Ban-Ki-Moon

2006 - 10 11

(South Korea)

2011 - 16.

9th.

Antinio Guterres (Portugal) 2017 - 2022

will serve from

TRUSTEESHIP →

Estd - 1945

Aim - To help & provide assistance in administration. Those country which are non-independent or not capable for self governance.

Since today no any country is Non-Independent that's why it is **Dormant** not completely abolished.

ICJ → (International Court of Justice)

Estb. . 1945

H.Q. - Hague [Netherlands]

Member - 15 [are elected by UNGA & UNSC]

Tenure - 9 years

President tenure - 3 years → current President Ronny Abraham

[Among 15 one is selected as President] (from Egypt)

Indians who become member of I.C.J. are -

1- B.N. Rau

2- Nagendra Singh - (was President)

3- R.S. Pathak.

4- Dalveer Singh Bhandari [currently serving]

Non-Member of U.N. -

Vatican City

Taiwan

Palestine

Western Sahara

Kosovo

Smallest  
Country of  
world.

Area = 0.44 Km<sup>2</sup>

pop<sup>n</sup> = 1000

PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION (P.C.A.)

↓  
(हेरक्यात)

Member → 121

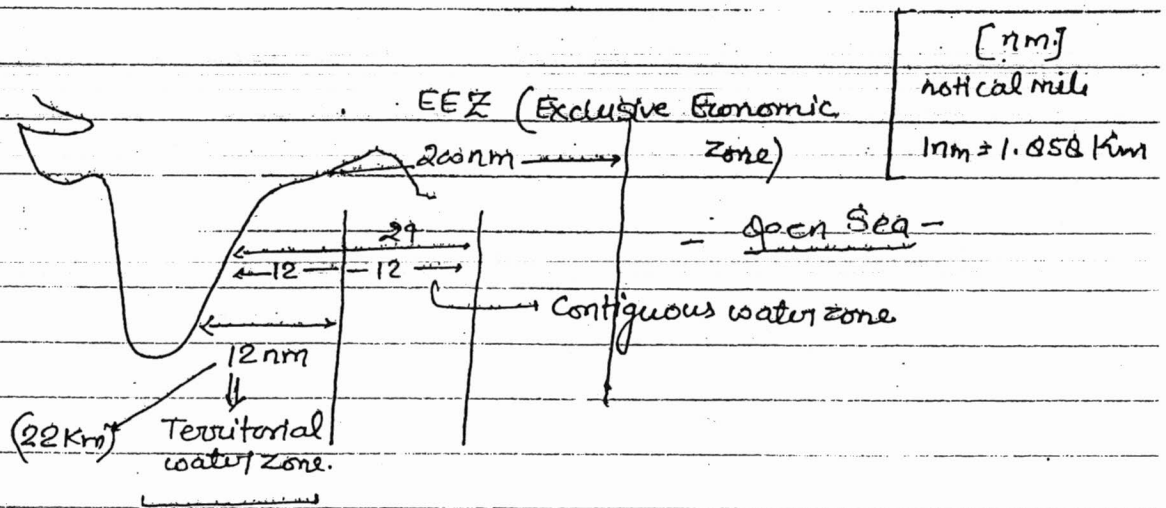
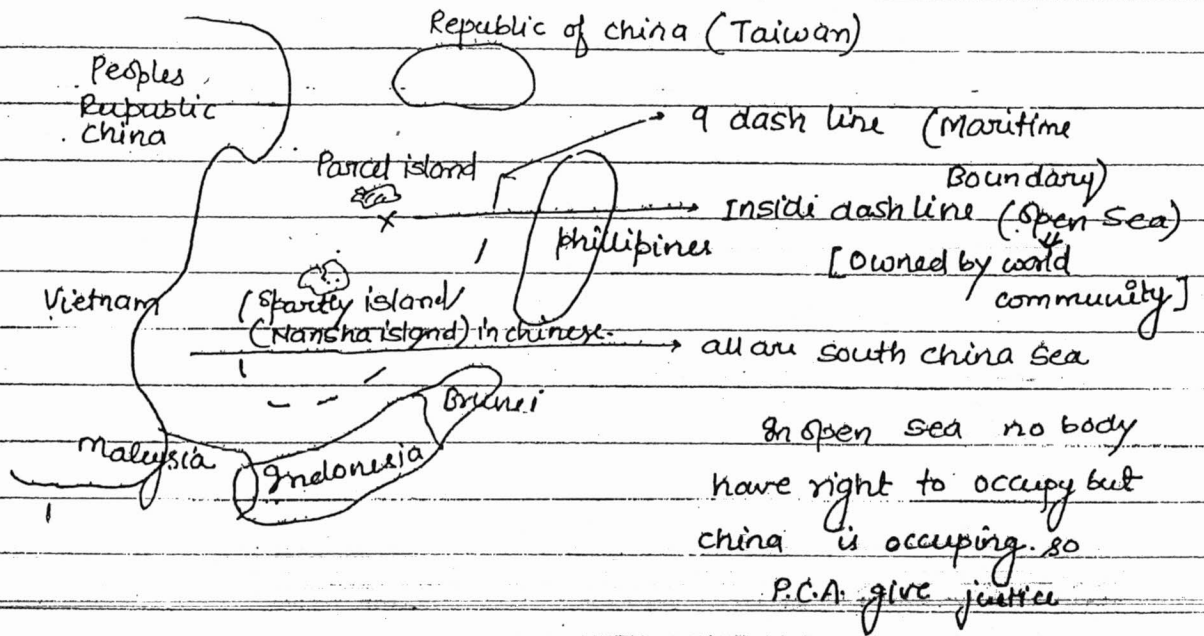
Est → 1899

H.Q. → Hague

Recently given its verdict about south china sea & said china has no legal right to claim area of south china sea (Deeper part)

Philippines → Filed petition in 2011

P.C.A. given verdict in July 2016



any country can regulate up to here

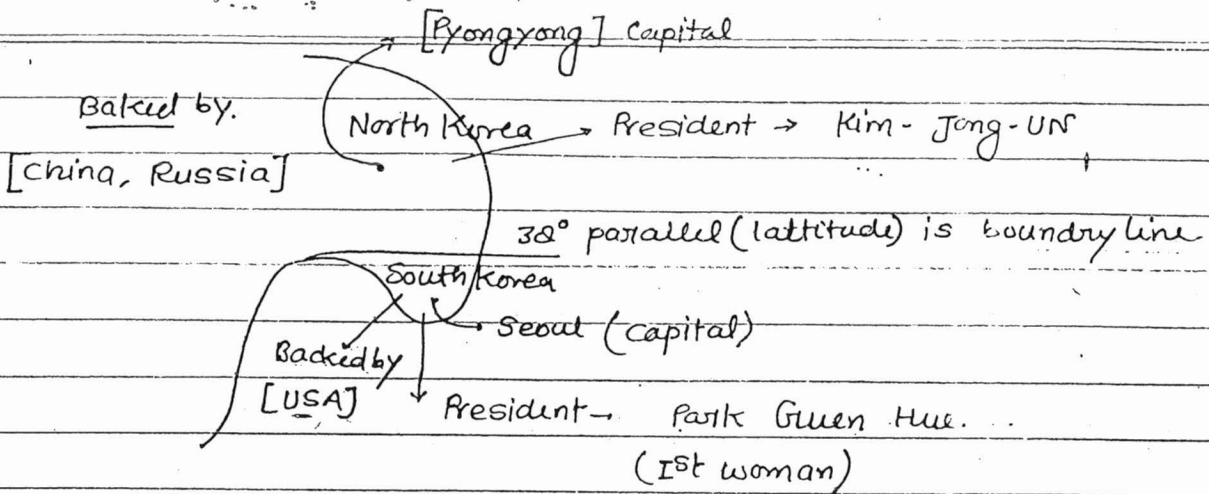
up to 22 km any country can have its own right

But up to 24 km we surveillance

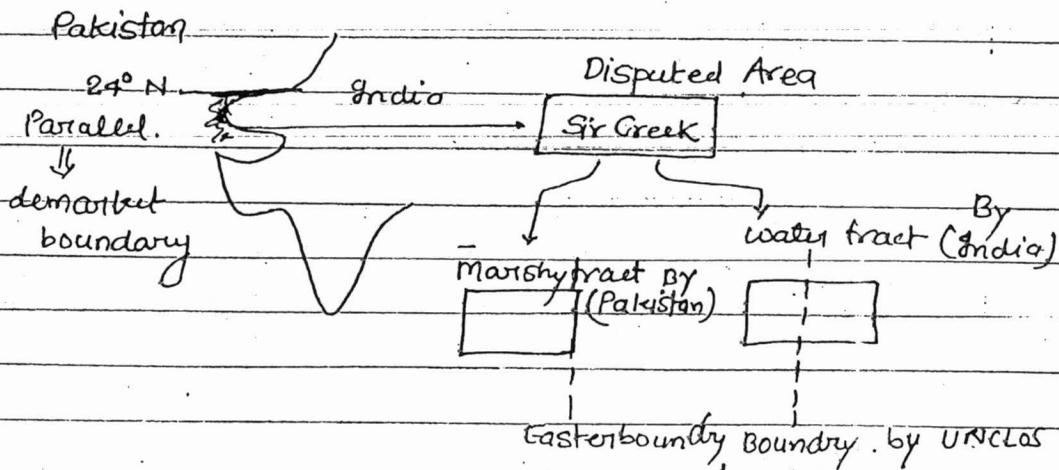
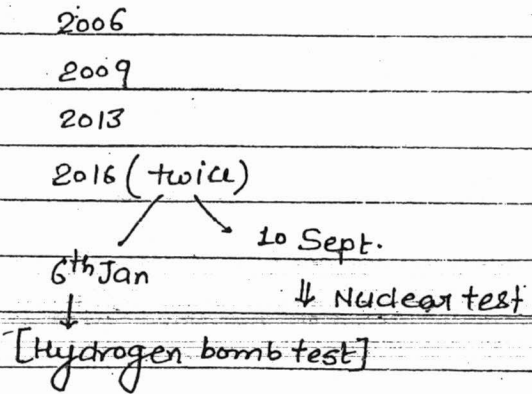
up to 200 nm. utilise resources that country

OPEC plant.





North Korea. Nuclear test.



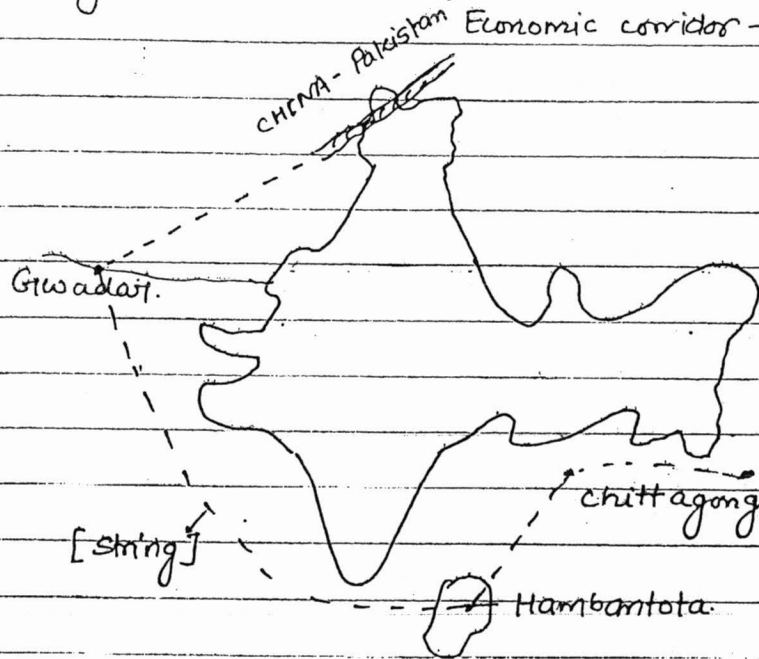
UNCLOS →

United Nation convention and laws for ocean & seas

→ 1982

Aim → to sort out (solve maritime disputes)

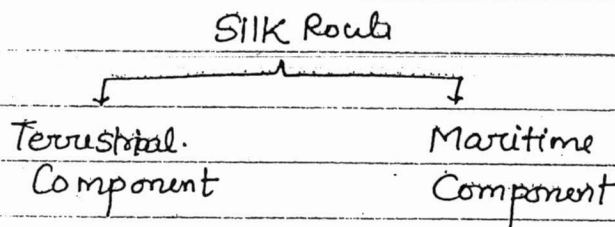
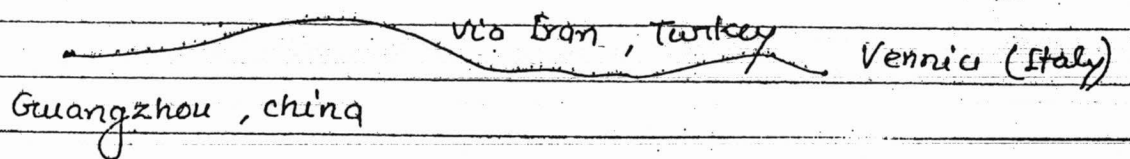
String of Pearls Policy of china to Contain India →



It is part of china's one road, one belt Project [OROB] (or) Silk Route [2000yr old] it was during kushan king

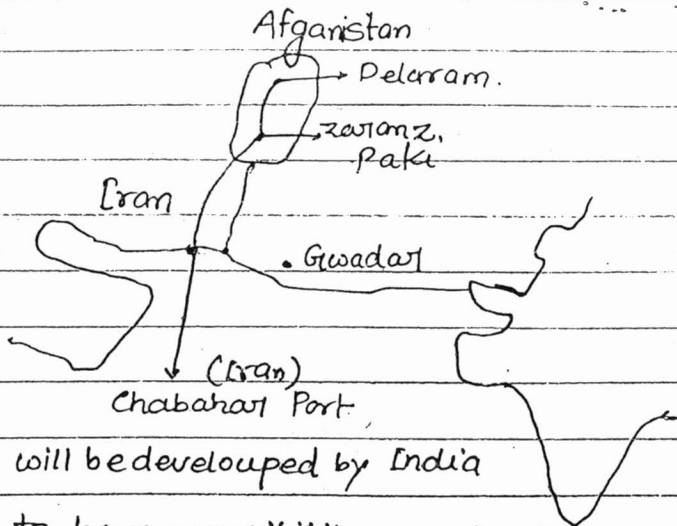
In response of it India started Malabar exercise. (Naval..)

- India
- USA
- Japan
- Sometime
- Australia.



Aim of OROB Project-

To connect China and other asian country with Europe. for progress of worlds trade but it will also increase chinas polytical supremacy (Power).



will be developed by India

to have accessibility

In A.F  
in centralasia [Huge Resource of  
Crude Petrol  
Natural Gas

India, Iran & Afghanistan signed an agreement in 2016 to develop chabahar port (will be developed by India)

\* India has recently (Aug. 2016) developed a Hydel Power Project in Afghanistan on salma dam/ India-Af. partnership dam. on

"Chist-e-Sharif" River or "Harairud River"

\* UN Funds and Programs:-

1) UNEP (U.N. Environmental Programme)

Estd. 1972 (5th June)

↳ environment day.

H.Q → Nairobi (Kenya)

Member → 58

Current Executive Director - Erik Solheim

World environment Day is celebrated in each year on 5th June.

In 2016, It was celebrated in Angola in Africa

2) UNESCO [UN Educational, Scientific & Cultural Org<sup>n</sup>]

Estd - 1945

H.Q - Paris

Member → 195 (195th - Palestine)

Aim → To preserve & conserve { Natural & Cultural } Sites

It deals with protection of Natural & cultural Through following reason

1. MAB (Man and Biosphere Reserve Program) - 1971
2. Wetland Conservation Program [Ramsar Convention - 1971]
3. Declaration of cultural site as heritage sites

Till ~~date~~ Today's 35 sites from India's recognised by UNESCO in its heritage list.

